

Jayaram College of Engineering and Technology (TNEA Code 3808): A Detailed Institutional Profile for 2026 Admissions

1. Institutional Identity and Administrative Framework

In the Tamil Nadu engineering admission ecosystem, institutional identity markers—specifically the TNEA code and university affiliation—serve as the primary baseline for a college's legal and academic standing. For an aspirant, these identifiers distinguish a recognized path to a degree from unverified private certifications. Affiliation with Anna University, Chennai, ensures that the curriculum, examination rigors, and eventual degree carry the weight of state-sanctioned legitimacy, while the TNEA code acts as the unique logistical key for the centralized counseling process.

Field	Institutional Details
Full Official Name	Jayaram College of Engineering and Technology (JCET)
TNEA Code	3808
Institution Type	Self-Financing Engineering College
Affiliating University	Anna University, Chennai
Full Postal Address	Karattampatti, Pagalavadi Post, Thuraiyur, Tiruchirappalli District – 621 014
Gender Profile	Co-educational
Admission Route	TNEA (Government quota 65% + Management quota 35%)

Strategic Analysis: The "3808" Marker The TNEA code **3808** is the non-negotiable identifier for students during the choice-filling window. As a self-financing institution in the Thuraiyur taluk, its status dictates a standardized fee structure (subject to government caps) and a mandatory seat-sharing ratio. However, from an analyst's perspective, aspirants must note that the lack of current NAAC/NBA quality accreditations may influence the college's standing in Tier-based fee structures and could potentially impact eligibility with certain Tier-1 recruiters who prioritize accredited institutions.

While the administrative framework establishes the legal ground, the college's historical trajectory provides insight into its long-term viability.

2. Founding Heritage and Management Structure

Technical education in central Tamil Nadu saw a rapid expansion in the 1990s as private educational trusts sought to democratize engineering access within rural interiors. These institutions were intended to bridge the gap between agrarian backgrounds and the burgeoning industrial economy of the Tiruchirappalli region.

- **Year of Establishment:** 1994 (as reported in source).
- **Management:** Gandhi Rural Development Educational Trust.
- **Location Narrative:** Situated in the rural interior of Pagalavadi, Thuraiyur Taluk.

Institutional Longevity vs. Transparency Gaps With a founding date of 1994, Jayaram College of Engineering and Technology possesses over three decades of institutional history—a marker usually associated with stability. However, as of April 2026, the college website is inaccessible, creating a significant "transparency gap." For a 2026 aspirant, longevity alone is insufficient; the inability to access modern digital disclosures suggests an institution in transition or potential decline, requiring students to exercise heightened due diligence during campus visits.

This historical standing must be balanced against the college's current status with national regulatory and quality bodies.

3. Regulatory Compliance & Quality Accreditations

Active approval from the All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) for the current Academic Year (2025-26) is the non-negotiable "permission to operate." It guarantees that a degree remains valid for government employment and higher studies. However, while AICTE approval represents the floor of institutional compliance, NAAC and NBA accreditations represent the ceiling of academic quality.

- **AICTE Status:** Approved for AY 2025-26 (Reference ID: 1-396075311).
- **NAAC Accreditation: EXPIRED** (First Cycle, Grade B, 2.65 CGPA; validity ended May 4, 2019).
- **NBA Accreditation: NONE** (No programs currently carry NBA-accredited status).

The Analyst's Warning While JCET holds the legal right to participate in TNEA 2026 via its active AICTE approval, the **expired NAAC status** is a critical red flag. Since 2019, the institution has not renewed its national quality audit. Furthermore, the missing "Mandatory Disclosure"—usually hosted on the college website—is a transparency risk. Aspirants should understand that a degree from a non-accredited institution may face stricter scrutiny during international evaluations or when applying to specific premium corporate placement drives.

This regulatory standing directly impacts the value of the specific academic programs offered under the 3808 code.

4. Undergraduate Degree Programs and Seat Matrix

Strategic choice-filling requires an understanding of how an institution distributes its resources. The seat matrix reflects whether a college is pivoting toward IT-centric trends or maintaining its roots in core engineering.

Branch Name	Branch Code	Approved Intake (TNEA 2025)	NBA Status
Civil Engineering	CE	60	Not Accredited
Computer Science and Engineering	CS	60	Not Accredited
Electrical and Electronics Engineering	EE	60	Not Accredited
Electronics and Communication Engineering	EC	60	Not Accredited
Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering	EI	60	Not Accredited
Information Technology	IT	60	Not Accredited
Mechanical Engineering	ME	60	Not Accredited

Critical Academic Evaluation The distribution is perfectly uniform, with 60 seats per branch. This suggests a legacy infrastructure designed for a balanced intake across traditional core engineering (Mechanical, Civil) and IT disciplines. However, since the "Year Started" for individual departments cannot be verified due to the website being offline, students must be skeptical regarding the age and modernization of labs. Specifically for Civil and Mechanical departments, which require heavy capital expenditure for maintenance, a physical inspection of facilities is mandatory before committing to these branches.

Beyond academic offerings, the logistical reality of the campus location dictates the daily experience of the student.

5. Campus Connectivity and Logistics

Choosing a college in the Tiruchirappalli district involves weighing the serenity of a rural campus against the practicalities of transit. For students traveling from other districts, proximity to railway links is the primary concern, while local students must evaluate the daily commute.

- **Nearest Railway Station:** Thuraiyur Railway Station (approx. 5 km – derived from address).
- **Proximity to Major City:** Tiruchirappalli (approx. 40 km).

Logistical Intelligence The 5km proximity to Thuraiyur Railway Station serves as a primary transit link; however, as this is a rural station, students should verify the frequency and timing of trains to ensure they align with campus schedules. The 40km distance from Tiruchirappalli city is a significant hurdle for daily commuters, likely necessitating a residential (hostel) stay or reliance on college-operated transport, the details of which remain unverified due to the current lack of a functioning official website.

Financial accessibility provides the final layer of feasibility for students entering this self-financing framework.

6. Financial Access: Government Scholarship Framework

In the absence of verifiable institutional scholarship data—a direct result of the college's digital silence—aspirants must rely entirely on state-mandated financial aid. These schemes are designed to mitigate the cost of education at self-financing institutions like JCET, making technical degrees accessible to the economically disadvantaged.

Mandatory Government Schemes:

- **SC/ST Tuition Fee Scholarship:** Full tuition coverage for eligible students in approved programs.
- **BC / MBC / DNC Scholarship:** Subject to family income criteria and community status.
- **First Graduate Scholarship:** A vital subsidy for students who are the first in their family to pursue a degree.
- **Post-Matric Scholarship for OBC:** A central sector scheme for eligible candidates.
- **Minority Scholarship (Post-Matric):** Available for students from notified minority communities.

Strategic Financial Advice Because the college website is down, the availability of merit-based or management-run institutional scholarships cannot be confirmed. Students are

advised to secure their eligibility documents for the government schemes listed above early. These scholarships are often the only way to bridge the gap in a self-financing fee structure, especially in institutions where secondary fee waivers are not transparently published.

7. Mandatory Closing

Information sourced from the college's official website, TNEA portal, and government data sources as available at time of preparation. Details may change — verify with official portals and the college website before making admission decisions. Explore more engineering colleges at profsam.com — your trusted guide for 12th to engineering admissions. Article

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